



## Μέλη του διδακτικού προσωπικού του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας στους καρυφαίους επιστήμονες στον κόσμο - Πανεπιστήμιο Δυτικής Μακεδονίας

20 Οκτωβρίου 2023 Ανακοινώσεις

Μεταξύ των καρυφαίων επιστημόνων στον κόσμο συγκαταλέγονται μέλη του διδακτικού προσωπικού του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας. Η λίστα "Data for updated science-wide author databases of standardized citation indicators", η οποία δημοσιεύτηκε από ομάδα καθηγητών της Stanford University, κατατάσσει σε παγκόσμια κλίμακα τους επιστήμονες όλων των επιστημονικών πεδίων, λαμβάνοντας υπόψη τον αντίκτυπο του δημοσιεύμένου έρου τους εντός του 2022. Σε αυτή περιλαμβάνονται 100.000 επιπτώσεις, διακριμένη σε παγκόσμιο επίπεδο, καθώς και το 2% των καρυφαίων στην επιστημονική υποπεριοχή στην οποία εξειδικεύονται. Η κανονία της μελέτης αυτής είναι ότι οι βιβλιομετρικοί δείκτες που αξιολογούνται δεν περιλαμβάνουν μόνο τις συνολικές αναφορές και τον δεικτή h-index των επιστημόνων σύμφωνα με τη βιβλιογραφική βάση δεδουλεύουν Scopus αλλά και παραμέτρους όπως η σταθμούντεν μέτρηση της συν-συγγραφής και της θέσης του συγγραφέα στις δημοσιεύσεις.

Έντεκα μέλη του διδακτικού προσωπικού του Πανεπιστημίου μας, από διάφορες επιστημονικές περιοχές, συγκαταλέγονται μεταξύ αυτών (με αλφαριθμητική σειρά):

### Ονοματεπώνυμο

Γιανναράκης Γρηγόρης

Τσιόλα Μαρία

Θεοδούλης Θεόδωρος

Μπουλογεώργιος Αλέξανδρος

Πέλλας Νικόλαος

Πηλαβάκης Πέτρος

Ράδονηλος Γρηγορίκης Παναγιώτης

Σαρηγαννίδης Παναγιώτης

Τσιόπουρας Μάρκος

Φροντατής Ζαχαρίας

Χαριτουλού Νικόλαος

Η λίστα που ανακοινώθηκε περιλαμβάνει επίσης την κατάταξη των επιστημόνων με βάση τον αντίκτυπο των δημοσιεύσεών τους καθ' όλη τη καριέρα τους. Στην κατάταξη αυτή περιλαμβάνονται πέντε μέλη του διδακτικού προσωπικού (με αλφαριθμητική σειρά):

### Ονοματεπώνυμο

Θεοδούλης Θεόδωρος

Πηλαβάκης Πέτρος

Σκόδρας Γεώργιος

Τσιόπουρας Μάρκος

Φροντατής Ζαχαρίας

Οι σπουδαίες αυτές διακρίσεις αντανακλούν την υψηλού επιπέδου και διεθνώς αναγνωρισμένη έρευνα που διεξάγεται στο Πανεπιστήμιο Δυτικής Μακεδονίας. Σημαντικό ποιοτικό χαρακτηριστικό αποτελεί το γεγονός ότι από το 2021 έως και σήμερα τα μέλη του ίδρυματος που συγκαταλέγονται στην εν λόγῳ λίστα έχουν συνεδρίαστε.

Θερμά συγχαρητήρια στα μέλη της πανεπιστημιακής μας κοινότητας,

Κωνοπούλη:

[Facebook](#) [Twitter](#) [Εκπόνηση](#)

### Τελευταίες αναρτήσεις

14 Δεκεμβρίου 2023  
Πρακτικό διασκέψης υπουργών για την εκλογική διαδικασία ανάδειξης εκπροσώπων φοιτητών/τριών στην Κομμητεία της Πολυτεχνικής Σχολής του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας

12 Δεκεμβρίου 2023  
Πρακτικό ορισμού διασκεψηστή για την εκλογική διαδικασία ανάδειξης εκπροσώπων φοιτητών/τριών στην Κομμητεία της Πολυτεχνικής Σχολής του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας

11 Δεκεμβρίου 2023  
Ορισμός Τριμελούς Εφορευτικής Επιπροσής για τη διεξαγωγή της εκλογικής διαδικασίας ανάδειξης εκπροσώπων φοιτητών/τριών στην Κομμητεία της Πολυτεχνικής Σχολής του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας

4 Δεκεμβρίου 2023  
Ψήφισμα του Συμβουλίου Διοίκησης και της Συγκλήτου του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας για την απόλειτη ή αγαπητής συναδέλφου Άννας Σπύρου

27 Νοεμβρίου 2023  
Προκήρυξη Εκλογών για την ανάδειξη εκπροσώπων φοιτητών με τους αναλιτρωτές τους στην Κομμητεία της Πολυτεχνικής Σχολής του Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας



### Επικοινωνία

Κομμητεία Πολυτεχνικής Σχολής  
Πανεπιστημίου Δυτικής Μακεδονίας

Κοιλά, Κοζάνη

Τ.Κ. 50100

Κουτσουλώντα Θ.

E: [sec.eng@uowm.gr](mailto:sec.eng@uowm.gr)  
T: 2461068219

### Χρήσιμα έγγραφα

- [Άττηρη πολιτικών \(32 kB\)](#)
- [Άττηρη φοιτητών \(38 kB\)](#)
- [Εξουσιοδότηση \(13 kB\)](#)
- [Υπεύθυνη Διήλωση \(26 kB\)](#)

### Χρήσιμοι σύνδεσμοι

- Υποστροφές
- Τμήμα Ηλεκτρολόγων Μηχανικών και Μηχανικών Υπολογιστών
- Τμήμα Μηχανικών Ορυκών Πόρων
- Τμήμα Μηχανικών Σχεδίασης Προϊόντων και Συστημάτων
- Τμήμα Μηχανολόγων Μηχανικών
- Τμήμα Χημικών Μηχανικών

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AI	AJ	AK	AL	AM	AN
165587	Asgary, Ali	York University	can	97	1997	2023	203,905	245	8	3.8957	4	3	42	140	52	152	2,4687	225	1,0889	50	11.55%	231,447	277	8	3,7338	4	3	42	149	52	161	2,4702	248	11,1169	56	0	1 Strategic	0,2474 Artificial	
165588	Kuzniewicz, Michael W.	Kaiser Permanente	usa	74	2007	2023	203,908	395	10	4,9734	0	0	21	129	28	175	2,4687	299	1,3211	56	7,71%	222,778	428	11	4,8663	0	0	21	133	28	184	2,4845	321	1,3333	59	0	2 Pediatrics	0,6551 Obstetrics	
165589	Williams, G.T.	Keele University	gbr	117	1981	2022	203,909	242	8	4,8278	4	2	28	51	82	199	2,4687	194	1,2474	42	3,20%	234,158	250	8	4,8278	8	4	28	53	82	206	2,4657	195	1,2821	46	0	2 Biochemi	0,2586 Immunology	
165590	Kang, Wenxiong	South China University of chn	96	2007	2024	203,911	282	10	4,9774	1	2	17	69	47	130	2,4687	219	1,2877	54	11,88%	193,395	320	11	5,5774	1	2	17	76	47	156	2,5365	233	1,3734	59	0	5 Artificial	0,7188 Strategic		
165591	Paasch, Uwe	Universitätsklinikum Leip deu	248	1997	2023	203,913	418	8	4,8912	7	3	50	56	115	133	2,4687	338	1,2367	128	13,81%	182,689	485	9	4,9829	7	5	50	63	115	148	2,5572	368	1,3179	39	4	2 Dermatol	0,4879 Obstetrics		
165592	Xie, Ning	University of Jinan chn	68	2005	2023	203,914	400	10	3,9246	1	3	16	72	30	112	2,4687	383	1,0444	54	7,83%	217,513	434	10	4,2036	1	3	16	79	30	120	2,4932	406	1,0690	55	3	1 Materials	0,3676 Building		
165593	Naeem, Hamad	Zhukou Normal Univers chn	34	2015	2023	203,915	280	8	3,4024	1	7	11	107	16	108	2,4687	241	1,1618	25	11,95%	208,219	318	8	3,6024	1	7	11	122	16	130	2,5095	258	1,2326	28	3	21 Network	0,3529 Artificial		
165594	Zakeri, Jabbar Ali	Daneshgah-e Elm va Sana irn	102	2000	2023	203,917	240	8	4,2000	3	5	40	90	61	128	2,4687	149	1,6107	71	12,09%	184,167	273	8	5,6167	3	5	40	103	61	144	2,5543	163	1,6748	75	1	0 Mechanic	0,3333 Civil Engineering		
165595	Mukhopadhyay, Sudipta	Indian Institute of Technol ind	112	1991	2023	203,918	266	8	5,1000	1	9	13	30	56	122	2,4687	243	1,0947	53	6,34%	227,396	284	8	5,1000	1	9	13	33	56	131	2,4768	254	1,1181	56	2	2 Nuclear	0,2411 Network		
165596	Silva, Carlos Alberto	University of Florida usa	107	2013	2023	203,920	616	13	3,9594	0	0	18	111	25	127	2,4687	504	1,2222	85	17,98%	183,002	751	14	4,4961	0	0	18	138	25	159	2,5565	564	1,3316	90	0	1 Forestry	0,3178 Geology		
165597	Hu, Zhongai	Northwest Normal Univers chn	136	1999	2023	203,921	592	11	5,3849	0	0	13	41	67	250	2,4687	540	1,0963	100	11,24%	196,104	657	13	5,9266	0	0	13	41	67	281	2,5315	556	1,1996	102	0	1 Energy	0,2500 Material		
165598	Marchesini, Giuseppe	Università degli Studi di ita	138	1968	2016	203,923	182	8	5,1250	15	10	37	37	89	127	2,4687	111	1,6396	44	1,62%	239,366	185	8	5,1250	15	10	37	37	89	127	2,4573	112	1,6518	44	0	4 Nuclear	0,9275 Applied		
165599	Petrosillo, Giuseppe	Consiglio Nazionale dell ita	57	1993	2023	203,930	394	10	4,9213	0	0	17	83	26	281	2,4687	325	1,2123	45	4,14%	235,656	411	10	4,9213	0	0	17	85	26	286	2,4632	338	1,2160	47	0	4 Biochemi	0,6491 Cardiology		
165600	Pham, Tony	University of South Florid usa	98	2012	2023	203,931	###	19	4,2410	0	0	22	54	23	54	2,4687	606	1,7987	85	9,92%	212,140	1,210	19	4,6929	0	0	22	59	23	59	2,5025	636	1,9025	85	0	0 Organic	0,3061 Inorganic		
165601	Li, Jie	Nanjing University chn	64	2010	2023	203,932	614	8	2,1867	0	0	21	377	31	385	2,4687	580	1,0586	36	11,01%	180,367	690	9	2,8696	0	0	21	417	31	425	2,5617	617	1,1183	38	0	8 Gastroint	0,4688 Immunology		
165602	Schoenecker, Perry L.	Shriners Hospital for Chi usa	233	1978	2023	203,935	739	11	5,7690	6	0	33	28	113	248	2,4687	534	1,3839	156	8,08%	218,607	804	12	5,8468	6	0	33	29	113	263	2,4914	554	1,4513	156	0	7 Orthoped	0,8240 General		
165603	Radoglou-Grammatikis, Panagiotis	University of Western Mi grc	34	2017	2023	203,937	347	8	3,4422	0	0	19	311	19	311	2,4687	323	1,0743	21	8,20%	211,197	378	9	3,4422	0	0	19	339	19	339	2,5040	341	1,1085	23	0	6 Network	0,5588 Artificial		
165604	Engelhardt, Thomas	Centre Universitaire de S can	166	1997	2023	203,939	301	8	3,9419	3	6	40	72	100	125	2,4687	247	1,2186	77	21,61%	190,152	384	9	3,9439	3	7	40	80	100	151	2,5427	278	1,3813	82	0	9 Anestheti	0,4759 Otorhin		
165605	Bartley, Emily J.	University of Florida usa	74	2008	2023	203,940	428	7	3,7650	0	0	19	284	27	301	2,4687	379	1,1293	53	17,21%	177,048	517	10	4,1164	0	0	19	292	27	313	2,5685	414	1,2488	58	0	0 Anestheti	0,5541 Experience		
165606	Shimaoka, Motomu	Mie University Graduate jpn	175	1994	2023	203,944	431	11	4,9679	5	0	24	60	98	283	2,4687	378	1,1402	105	9,45%	219,520	476	11	5,3667	5	0	24	61	98	306	2,4899	397	1,1990	112	1	2 Biochemi	0,2286 Immunology		
165607	Santurkar, Shibanii	Stanford usa	17	2015	2023	203,945	646	9	2,9690	0	0	7	239	7	239	2,4687	588	1,0986	16	7,77%	237,628	651	9	2,9690	0	0	7	241	7	241	2,4601	592	1,0997	16	0	0 Artificial	0,6471 Experience		
165608	Donta, Praveen Kumar	Technische Universität W aut	18	2018	2023	203,946	330	9	3,7333	0	0	8	254	9	259	2,4686	209	1,5789	15	7,30%	224,948	356	9	3,8167	0	0	8	272	9	277	2,4808	222	1,6036	16	0	17 Artificial	0,3889 Network		
165609	Sharma, Ramesh	University of New Haven usa	58	1988	2023	203,947	96	5	4,3333	22	53	34	61	56	92	2,4686	65	1,4769	25	3,03%	231,828	99	5	4,3333	22	55	34	63	56	95	2,4695	67	1,4776	26	2	0 General	0,7414 Mathematics		
165610	Lempicki, Richard A.	Leidos Inc.	105	1990	2020	203,949	###	12	3,1961	0	0	3	0	15	###	2,4686	###	1,2424	60	0,37%	239,182	4,547	12	3,1961	0	0	3	0	15	4,330	2,4576	3,655	1,2440	61	0	112 Virology	0,2286 Immunology		
165611	Cass, Anthony E.G.	Imperial College London gbr	182	1977	2023	203,950	555	14	4,6107	2	0	21	46	92	202	2,4686	474	1,1709	92	11,34%	205,695	626	15	5,0607	2	0	21	49	92	220	2,5140	514	1,2179	98	0	3 Analytical	0,2912 Biochemistry		
165612	Wu, Zheng Guang	State Key Laboratory of chn	102	2020	2023	203,952	896	8	8,6500	0	0	1	1	56	424	2,4686	666	1,6345	79	20,21%	177,119	1,123	20	8,7750	0	0	1	2	56	532	2,5683	768	1,4622	83	0	1 Artificial	0,5588 Industrial		
165613	Alyasseri, Zaid Abdi Alkareem	Departement Farmaceuti bel	329	1989	2023	203,953	646	10	4,9554	3	2	23	18	113	222	2,4686	462	1,3983	185	11,99%	224,564	734	10	4,9357	3	2	23	19	113	249	2,4814	503	1,4592	194	1	0 Medicina	0,1915 Virology		
165614	Kalita, Jugal	University of Colorado al usa	201	1984	2023	203,956	889	12	8,8667	2	0	8	1	186	874	2,4686	836	1,0634	110	3,79%	227,926	924	13	8,8667	2	0	8	1	186	908	2,4759	857	1,0782	117	10	15 Artificial	0,5178 Bioinformatics		
165615	Fernando, Tyrone	The University of Westerl aus	233	1995	2024	203,959	557	11	5,9159	2	0	27	35	99	246	2,4686	497	1,1207	130	9,14%	206,198	613	11	6,9806	2	0	27	38	99	260	2,5132	528	1,1610	136	0	0 Electrical	0,3648 Industrial		
165616	Endo, Makoto	Saitama Medical Univers jpn	116	1960	2013	203,960	99	6	4,1667	29	48	48	59	78	78	2,4686	86	1,1512	25	1,98%	238,416	101	6	4,1667	29	48	48	59	97	78	2,4588	87	1,1609	26	0	1 Biochemi	0,2435 Pharmacology		
165617	Belzig, Wolfgang	Universität Konstanz deu	235	1996	2023	203,962	357	8	4,8449	10	4	35	37	137	186	2,4686	251	1,4223	118	17,93%	182,144	435	9	5,7377	10	4	35	40	137	225	2,5583	271	1,6052	127	0	1 Applied	0,4786 General		
165618	Mishra, Alyasseri	University of Kufa, Inform irq	64	2012	2023	203,963	376	11	3,9512	0	0	22	142	37	233	2,4686	343	1,0962	48	30,63%	145,724	542	13	4,9873	0	0	22	200	37	336	2,6377	394	1,3756	53	2	21 Artificial	0,4375 Network		
165619	Friedman, Thomas B.	National Institute of Dea usa	232	1972	2023	203,967	784	12	4,9705	2	0	20	28	95	278</td																								



## October 2023 data-update for "Updated science-wide author databases of standardized citation indicators"

Published: 4 October 2023 | Version 6 | DOI: 10.17632/btchxktyzw.6  
Contributor: John P.A. Ioannidis

### Description

Citation metrics are widely used and misused. We have created a publicly available database of top-cited scientists that provides standardized information on citations, h-index, co-authorship adjusted hm-index, citations to papers in different authorship positions and a composite indicator (c-score). Separate data are shown for career-long and, separately, for single recent year impact. Metrics with and without self-citations and ratio of citations to citing papers are given. Scientists are classified into 22 scientific fields and 174 sub-fields according to the standard Science-Metric classification. Field- and sub-field-specific percentiles are also provided for all scientists with at least 5 papers. Career-long data are updated to end-of-2022 and single recent year data pertain to citations received during calendar year 2022. The selection is based on the top 100,000 scientists by c-score (with and without self-citations) or a percentile rank of 2%e or above in the sub-field. This version (6) is based on the October 1, 2023 snapshot from Scopus, updated to end of citation year 2022. This work uses Scopus data provided by Elsevier through ICSR Lab (<https://www.elsevier.com/icsr/icrlab>). Calculations were performed using all Scopus author profiles as of October 1, 2023. If an author is not on the list it is simply because the composite indicator value was not high enough to appear on the list. It does not mean that the author does not do good work.

PLEASE ALSO NOTE THAT THE DATABASE HAS BEEN PUBLISHED IN AN ARCHIVAL FORM AND WILL NOT BE CHANGED. The published version reflects Scopus author profiles at the time of calculation. We thus advise authors to ensure that their Scopus profiles are accurate. REQUESTS FOR CORRECTIONS OF THE SCOPUS DATA (INCLUDING CORRECTIONS IN AFFILIATIONS) SHOULD NOT BE SENT TO US. They should be sent directly to Scopus, preferably by use of the Scopus to ORCID feedback wizard (<https://orcid.scopusfeedback.com/>) so that the correct data can be used in any future annual updates of the citation indicator databases.

The c-score focuses on impact (citations) rather than productivity (number of publications) and it also incorporates information on co-authorship and author positions (single, first, last author). If you have additional questions, please read the 3 associated PLoS Biology papers that explain the development, validation and use of these metrics and databases. (<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.1002501>, <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.3000384> and <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.3000918>).

Finally, we alert users that all citation metrics have limitations and their use should be tempered and judicious. For more reading, we refer to the Leiden manifesto: <https://www.nature.com/articles/520429a>

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### Files

Code	
Table_1_Authors_career_2022_pubs_since_1788_wopp_extracted_202310.xlsx	74.8 MB
Table_1_Authors_singleyr_2022_pubs_since_1788_wopp_extracted_202310.xlsx	73.9 MB
Table_2_field_subfield_thresholds_career_2022_pubs_since_1788_wopp_extracted_202310.xlsx	45.1 KB
Table_2_field_subfield_thresholds_singleyr_2022_pubs_since_1788_wopp_extracted_202310.xlsx	42.9 KB
Table_3_maxlog_career_2022_pubs_since_1788_wopp_extracted_202310.xlsx	5.1 KB
Table_3_maxlog_singleyr_2022_pubs_since_1788_wopp_extracted_202310.xlsx	5.1 KB

### Steps to reproduce

Code is provided with the dataset and runs on the ICSR Lab data sharing platform (<https://www.elsevier.com/icsr/icrlab>) using Scopus data. It is written in python (pyspark) and can be used with other datasets on any pyspark platform.

### Institutions

Stanford University

### Categories

Bibliometrics

### Additional metadata for Elsevier datasets

Date the data was collected 2022-09-01T00:00:00.000Z

### Related Links

#### Article

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.3000384>

is cited by this dataset

#### Article

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.3000918>

is compiled by this dataset

### Licence

CC BY NC 3.0

### Dataset metrics

#### Usage

Views: 3026012  
Downloads: 775848

#### Mentions

Blog Mentions: 7  
News Mentions: 199  
References: 41

#### Social Media

Shares, Likes & Comments: 6013

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### Latest version

Version 6  
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#### Cite this dataset

Ioannidis, John P.A. (2023), "October 2023 data-update for "Updated science-wide author databases of standardized citation indicators"" Elsevier Data Repository, doi: 10.17632/btchxktyzw.6

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### Previous versions

Version 5	3 November 2022
Version 4	10 October 2022
Version 3	19 October 2021
Version 2	8 October 2020
Version 1	6 July 2019

### Version comparison

Compare versions

## FORMAL COMMENT

# Updated science-wide author databases of standardized citation indicators

John P. A. Ioannidis<sup>1,2,3,4\*</sup>, Kevin W. Boyack<sup>5</sup>, Jeroen Baas<sup>6</sup>

**1** Department of Medicine, Stanford University, Stanford, California, United States of America, **2** Department of Epidemiology and Population Health, Stanford University, Stanford, California, United States of America, **3** Department of Biomedical Data Science, Stanford University, Stanford, California, United States of America, **4** Meta-Research Innovation Center at Stanford (METRICS), Stanford University, Stanford, California, United States of America, **5** SciTech Strategies, Inc., Albuquerque, New Mexico, United States of America, **6** Research Intelligence, Elsevier B.V., Amsterdam, the Netherlands

\* [jiannid@stanford.edu](mailto:jiannid@stanford.edu)



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**Competing interests:** I have read the journal's policy and the authors of this manuscript have the following competing interests. JPAI is a member of the editorial board of *PLOS Biology*. JB is an Elsevier employee. Elsevier runs Scopus and ICSR Lab, which is the source of this data, and also runs Mendeley Data, where the database is now stored.

There was great interest in the databases of standardized citation metrics across all scientists and scientific disciplines [1], and many scientists urged us to provide updates of the databases. Accordingly, we have provided updated analyses that use citations from Scopus with data freeze as of May 6, 2020, assessing scientists for career-long citation impact up until the end of 2019 (Table-S6-career-2019) and for citation impact during the single calendar year 2019 (Table-S7-singleyr-2019). Updated databases and code are freely available in Mendeley (<https://dx.doi.org/10.17632/btchxktzyw>). The original database (version 1) can also be found in <https://data.mendeley.com/datasets/btchxktzyw/1>, the updated (version 2) can also be found in <https://data.mendeley.com/datasets/btchxktzyw/2>, and any subsequent updates that might appear in the future will be generally accessible in <https://dx.doi.org/10.17632/btchxktzyw>.

S6 and S7 tabulated data include all scientists who are among the top 100,000 across all fields according to the composite citation index [2] when self-citations are included and/or when self-citations are not included. Furthermore, in the current update, Tables S6 and S7 include also scientists who are not in the top 100,000 according to the composite index but are nevertheless within the top 2% of scientists of their main subfield discipline, across those that have published at least five papers. Another new feature in this update is that Tables S6 and S7 include new columns showing for each scientist the rank of their composite citation index within their subfield discipline (with and without self-citations) and the total number of authors within the subfield discipline. For example, for Kevin W. Boyack, rank is 50 and 52 for the composite citation index with and without self-citations, respectively, among the total of 10,391 scientists whose main subfield discipline is "Information and Library Sciences." This extension allows the inclusion of more comprehensive samples of top-cited scientists for fields that have low citation densities and therefore would be less likely to be found in the top 100,000 when all scientific fields are examined together. Comparisons of citation metrics are more meaningful when done within the same subdiscipline. Of course, even within the same subdiscipline, different areas may still possess different citation densities, and assessing citation indicators always require caution.

Field and subfield discipline categories use the Science-Metrix classification as in our previous work [1], but multidisciplinary journals that were previously not assigned to a Science-Metrix field or subfield [3] have now been assigned to a specific field and subfield using a character-based convolutional deep neural network. This machine learning approach was trained with a set consisting of over a million entries was found to be outperforming other approaches

such as Wikipedia and Yahoo! Answers [4]. This allows a more accurate classification of scientists who publish many papers in multidisciplinary journals.

Tables S8 and S9 provide the 25th, 50th, 75th, 90th, 95th, and 99th percentile thresholds for each field and each subfield for career-long and single year 2019 impact based on citations and, separately, based on the composite indicator. The formula to calculate the composite indicator for career-long impact is derived by summing the ratio of log of 1 + the indicator value over the maximum of those indicator logs for 6 indicators (NC, H, Hm, NCS, NCSF, NCSFL) [3]:

$$c_i = \frac{\log(NC_i + 1)}{\max \log(NC + 1)} + \frac{\log(H_i + 1)}{\max \log(H + 1)} + \frac{\log(Hm_i + 1)}{\max \log(Hm + 1)} + \frac{\log(NCS_i + 1)}{\max \log(NCS + 1)} \\ + \frac{\log(NCSF_i + 1)}{\max \log(NCSF + 1)} + \frac{\log(NCSFL_i + 1)}{\max \log(NCSFL + 1)}$$

The formula to calculate the composite indicator for single year 2019 impact follows the same principle and only uses citations from publications published in 2019. Maximum log values across the population are in separate tables for career (S10) and single year 2019 (S11).

Given the increasing attention given to the analysis of self-citations, we also include in Tables S8 and S9 data for each discipline and each subdiscipline of the 95th and 99th percentile threshold for the percentage of self-citations and for the ratio of citations over citing papers within the set of selected top-cited researchers. Very high proportion of self-citations and/or ratio of citations over citing papers may or may not be justifiable and may require a closer look at the citation practices of these scientists. A percentage (4.9%) of the scientists who are in the top 2% of their subdiscipline for career-long impact when self-citations are included are no longer in the top 2% of their subdiscipline when self-citations are excluded, and 0.01% ( $n = 15$ ) of these fall below the top 10%. Some scientists have extremely high ratios of citations over citing papers, far exceeding the 99th percentile threshold. Many papers by the same scientist may be fully legitimately often cited together in the same article. However, some authors have been found to manipulate peer-review to add multiple citations to their works [5,6].

Publications in author profiles currently have 98.1% average precision and 94.4% average recall [7]. Comments for correction of author profiles should be addressed to Scopus, preferably by use of the Scopus to ORCID feedback wizard (<https://orcid.scopusefeedback.com/>).

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